**I Have...... Who Has?**

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| ☺able to be reached or entered | AccessibilityThe cause or effect of human actions and interactions, which may be positive or negative, short term or long term. | ChangeThe extent of space between two objects or places | Distancetwo objects or processes working together |
| Interactionwhere something is in space. | LocationThe movement of people from one place to another. | Migrationthe social process whereby cities grow and societies become more urban | Urbanisationan area with definite or indefinite boundaries; a portion of space. |
| Placean available supply that can be drawn on when needed | Resourcemeaning country or land | Whenuathe boundless, three-dimensional extent in which objects and events occur and have relative position and direction | Spatialpreservation or restoration from loss, damage, or neglect |
| Conservationthe complex of social and cultural conditions affecting the nature of an individual or community. | Environmenttranslates as home | Kaingaan area important to Maori, where Maori meet or gather | Maraea restriction that sets aside an area |
| Rahuitheme of recurring events relating to social studies | Patternsthe way at which people view or look at something | Perceptionsthe relationship between distance on a map and on the earth's surface. | Scaletranslates as territory or boundaries |
| Rohetranslating as people of the land | Tangata WhenuaA smiley face |  |  |

**I Have... Who Has - Answers**

**Accessibility** – able to be reached or entered.

**Change** - The cause or effect of human actions and interactions, which may be positive or negative, short term or long term.

**Distance** - The extent of space between two objects or places

**Interaction** – two objects or processes working together.

**Location** – where something is in space.

**Migration** - The movement of people from one place to another.

**Urbanisation** - the social process whereby cities grow and societies become more urban

**Place** - an area with definite or indefinite boundaries; a portion of space.

**Resource** - an available supply that can be drawn on when needed

**Whenua** – meaning country or land.

**Spatial** – the boundless, three-dimensional extent in which objects and events occur and have relative position and direction

**Conservation** - preservation or restoration from loss, damage, or neglect

**Environment** - the complex of social and cultural conditions affecting the nature of an individual or community.

**Kainga** – translates as home

**Marae** – an area important to Maori, where Maori meet or gather

**Rahui** – a restriction that sets aside an area

**Patterns** – theme of recurring events relating to social studies

**Perception** – the way at which people view or look at something

**Scale** - the relationship between distance on a map and on the earth's surface.

**Rohe** – translates as territory or boundaries

**Tangata Whenua** – translating as people of the land